

904005 (4 Ton) & 910006 (10 Ton) Collision Kits OPERATOR'S MANUAL



Component Lists

904005

Description Norco P/N Storage Case w/Wheels 904301 Hydraulic Hand Pump 2 904302 3 Hose w/Fittings 904303 Ram w/Half Coupler 904304 Flex Head 904305 Flat Base 6 904306 Serrated Saddle 904307 8 Wedge Head 904308 9 90 Degree V Base 904309 Spreader Toe 904310 11 Plunger Toe 904311 Spreader Ram 904312 13 Extension Tube Coupler 904313 14 5" Extension Tube 904314 15 10" Extension Tube 904315 14" Extension Tube 904316 17 19" Extension Tube 904317

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#	Description	Norco P/N
1	Storage Case w/Wheels	910301
2	Hydraulic Hand Pump	910302
3	Hose w/Fittings	910303
4	Ram w/Half Coupler	910304
5	Flex Head	910305
6	Flat Base	910306
7	Serrated Saddle	910307
8	Wedge Head	910308
9	90 Degree V Base	910309
10	Spreader Toe	910310
11	Plunger Toe	910311
12	Spreader Ram	910312
13	Extension Tube Coupler	910313
14	5" Extension Tube	910314
15	10" Extension Tube	910315
16	14" Extension Tube	910316
17	19" Extension Tube	910317

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Hose

- Before operating the pump, tighten all hose connections using the correct tools. Do not overtighten; connections need only be secure and leak-free. Overtightening can cause premature thread failure or high pressure fittings to split at pressures lower than their rated capacities.
- Should a hydraulic hose ever rupture, burst, or need to be disconnected, immediately shut the pump OFF, and open the control valve to release all pressure. NEVER grasp a leaking, pressurized hose with your hands; the force of escaping hydraulic fluid could cause serious injury.
- Do not subject the hose to any potential hazard such as fire, extreme cold or heat, sharp surfaces, or heavy
 impact. Do not allow the hose to kink, twist, curl, or bend so tightly that the fluid flow within the hose is blocked
 or reduced. Do not use the hose to move attached equipment. Periodically inspect the hose for wear, because
 any of these conditions can damage the hose and result in personal injury.
- Hose material and coupler seals must be compatible with the hydraulic fluid used. Hoses also must not come
 in contact with corrosive materials such as creosote-impregnated objects and some paints. Consult the
 manufacturer before painting a hose. Never paint couplers. Hose deterioration due to corrosive material can
 result in personal injury.

Pump

- Do not exceed the maximum capacity of the pump or tamper with the internal high pressure relief valve. Creating pressure beyond the rated capacity can result in personal injury.
- Completely retract the ram before opening the filler screw on the pump to add hydraulic fluid.
 An overfill can cause personal injury due to excess reservoir pressure created when rams are retracted.

Ram

- Do not exceed the maximum capacity of the ram. Creating pressure beyond the rated capacity can result in personal injury.
- Do not set poorly-balanced or off-center loads on a ram. The load may tip and cause personal injury.

OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

Setup

The pump may be operated in a horizontal position, or in a vertical position with the head pointing down as shown.

- 1. Assemble the hose between the pump and ram.
- 2. Determine the appropriate attachment for your application; assemble the attachment to the ram piston.

IMPORTANT:

- The use of extension tubes or off-center attachments greatly reduces the capacity of the hydraulic system. When using extension tubes, put the shortest tubes on the ends of the setup; never put the shortest tubes in the middle of the setup.
- Some components in this set do not match the maximum pressure rating of the pump and ram. USE A PRESSURE GAUGE IN THE SYSTEM TO MONITOR HYDRAULIC PRESSURE. Refer to the instructions in this document for *Typical Applications and Load Capacities*.

Operation

- 1. Turn the pump's release valve clockwise to a closed position. IMPORTANT: Hand tighten the valve only; applying too much force to the valve may damage the valve stem.
- 2. Work the pump handle up and down to send oil through the hose to the ram, causing the piston to extend to the work piece.
- 3. Monitor the pressure gauge while completing the application.

Note: The pump is equipped with an overload valve that will bypass oil back into the pump reservoir in an overload situation (when the system meets maximum pressure). In this case, continued pumping will have no effect on the system. If an overload situation commonly occurs, a higher capacity set is needed.

4. To release pressure, slowly turn the release valve counterclockwise. (The release speed is controlled by how fast the valve is opened.)

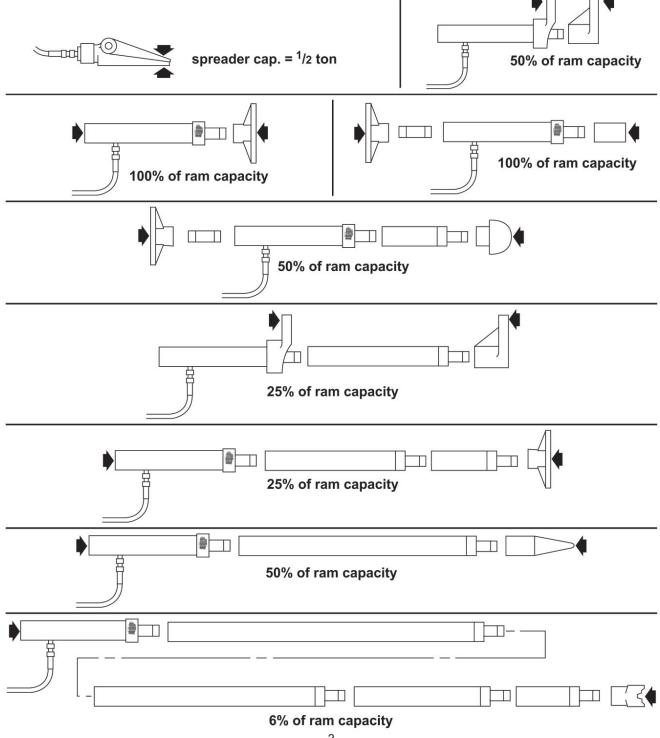
Bleeding Air from the System

Air can accumulate in the hydraulic system during the initial setup or after prolonged use, causing the ram to respond slowly or in an unstable manner. To remove the air:

- 1. Place the ram at a lower level than the pump, with the piston end pointing down.
- 2. Extend and retract the ram several times without putting a load on the system. Air will be released into the pump reservoir.
- 3. With the ramfully retracted, the pump sitting level, and no pressure in the hydraulic system, remove the pump's filler screw. Fill the reservoir with approved hydraulic fluid until the fluid level is within 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) from the top of the reservoir.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS & LOAD CAPACITIES

When offset attachments are used, the rated capacity of the hydraulic system is reduced 50%. For each extension tube used the setup, the rated capacity is reduced another 50%. When using two or more extension tubes together, always poslition the shortest tube farthest away from the ram.



TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	Cause	Solution
Pump loses pressure	1. System components leaking.	1. Repair or replace as necessary.
Pump not delivering fluid	Low fluid level in reservoir. Seats are worn.	Check fluid level. Repair seats or replace pump body.
Pump does not reach rated capacity	Low fluid level in reservoir. System components leaking. Fluid leaking past inlet or outlet checks.	Check fluid level. Repair or replace as necessary. Repair inlet or outlet checks, or replace high pressure piston seal.
Pump handle has a "spongy" feel	Air trapped in system. Too much fluid in reservoir.	Refer to <u>Bleeding Air from the System.</u> Check fluid level.
Ram piston will not extend	Loose couplers. Low fluid level in pump reservoir. Ram seals leaking.	Tighten couplers. Fill and bleed the system. Replace worn seals. Look for excessive contamination or wear.
Ram piston extends only partially	Low fluid level in pump reservoir. Load is above capacity of system.	Fill and bleed the system. Use correct equipment.
Ram piston extends slower than normal	 Loose couplers. Restricted hydraulic line or fitting. Pump not working correctly. Ram seals leaking. 	 Tighten couplers. Clean and replace if damaged. Repair or replace as necessary. Replace worn seals. Look for excessive contamination or wear.
Ram does not hold pressure	 Leaky connection. Ram seals leaking. Pump or valve not working correctly. 	 Clean, reseal with thread sealant, and tighten connection. Replace worn seals. Look for excessive contamination or wear. Replace contaminated fluid. Repair or replace as necessary.
Ram leaks hydraulic fluid	Worn or damaged seals. Loose connection.	Replace worn seals. Look for excessive contamination or wear. Replace contaminated fluid. Clean, reseal with thread sealant, and tighten connection.
Ram will not retract or retracts slower than normal	1. Pump release valve closed. 2. Loose couplers. 3. Blocked hydraulic lines. 4. Weak or broken retraction springs. 5. Ram damaged internally. 6. Pump reservoir too full.	 Open pump release valve. Tighten couplers. Clean and flush lines. Send to service center for repair. Send to service center for repair. Drain fluid to correct level.

To prevent personal injury, release pump pressure and disconnect the hose from the pump before making repaire. Repairs must be performed in a dirt-free environment by qualified personnel who are familiar with this equipment. If the following solutions do not remedy the problem, take the product to an authorized service center for repair.